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PPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09/944,625	08/31/2001	Joseph Arruda	17853-039	2365
30623	7590 05/25/2005		EXAMINER	
MINTZ, LEVIN, COHN, FERRIS, GLOVSKY			LUU, MATTHEW	
AND POPEC	CIAL CENTER	•	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
BOSTON, M	IA 02111		2676	

DATE MAILED: 05/25/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

			W
	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
Office Action Comment	09/944,625	ARRUDA ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	LUU MATTHEW	2676	
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet wit	th the correspondence address -	-
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a repl If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period of Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, however, may a rely within the statutory minimum of thirty will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON a, cause the application to become AB	rply be timely filed (30) days will be considered timely. THS from the mailing date of this communication (35 U.S.C. § 133).	ation.
Status	·		
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 24 N	lovember 2004.		
	s action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for allowa closed in accordance with the practice under E	nce except for formal matte	•	s is
Disposition of Claims			
4) ☐ Claim(s) 26,28-32 and 36 is/are pending in the 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrays 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 26,28-32 and 36 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or Application Papers	wn from consideration.		
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	or .		
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc		ov the Examiner.	
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	• •		
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct	tion is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.12	1(d).
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	xaminer. Note the attached	Office Action or form PTO-152	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list 	is have been received. is have been received in Aprity documents have been u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	oplication No received in this National Stage	
Attachment(s)			
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)		ummary (PTO-413) VMail Date	
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date		formal Patent Application (PTO-152)	

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 26, 28 and 36 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Moller et al (5,889,512).

Claim 36.

Moller discloses (Fig. 9) a cap (a rear portion 18, which includes an extension member 48 with a cap 60) (hereinafter, the rear portion 18), the cap comprising:

a first end (a screw thread aperture 42) for positioning over an end (thread bore 38) of an instrument (the grip portion 16 with the pen tip 20); and

a second end having an aperture (central aperture 44), the aperture (44) having a non-writing retractable tip (an extension member 48 with a cap 60) mounted therein. The retractable tip (an extension member 48 with a cap 60) movable between a first normal position retracted substantially within the second aperture (Fig. 13) and a second extended position (Fig. 15). See column 6, lines 35-47; and column 7, lines 37-38 and 62-65.

Moller fails to explicitly teach that the retractable tip (48 and 60) being adapted for use with a touch sensitive display.

However, it is obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to recognize that a user can use any pointing devices, such as a normal pen, a pencil, or even a finger to input information into a graphics user interface display device by touching a touch sensitive screen. Therefore, the retractable tip of Moller can function equivalently to a touch stylus for interfacing with the touch screen.

Claim 26.

Moller discloses (Fig. 9) a writing instrument for alternatively writing on a surface and for interfacing with a touch sensitive display, the writing instrument comprising:

an elongated body (grip portion 16) having a first end having a writing tip (20) and a second end (thread bore 38); and

a cap (a rear portion 18, which includes an extension member 48 with a cap 60) (hereinafter, the rear portion 18) having a first end (a screw thread aperture 42) for receiving one end (thread bore 38) of the elongated body (the grip portion 16); and

a second end having a second aperture (central aperture 44) with a non-writing retractable tip (an extension member 48 with a cap 60) mounted therein, wherein the second end (38) of the writing instrument (grip 16, tip 20 and spring 52) cooperates with the cap (18) to extend the non-writing tip (an extension member 48 with a cap 60) outwardly from the second aperture (44). See Figs 14 and 15; and column 6, lines 35-47; and column 7, lines 55-65.

Moller fails to explicitly teach that the retractable tip (48 and 60) being adapted for use with a touch sensitive display.

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However, it is obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to recognize that a user can use any pointing devices, such as a normal pen, a pencil, or even a finger to input information into a graphics user interface display device by touching a touch sensitive screen. Therefore, the retractable tip of Moller can function equivalently to a touch stylus for interfacing with the touch screen.

Claim 28.

The rubber made material of the non-writing tip is an obvious design choice.

Furthermore, it is desirable to make the stylus tip from rubber material to reduce fiction to the touch screen, provide more light weight, and reduce manufacture cost.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

Claims 29-32 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Moller et al as applied to claim 26 above, and further in view of the Admitted Prior Art (A.T. Cross) (Specification, page 2, lines 22-32).

Claim 29.

Regarding claim 29, Moller fails to teach a source for generating a signal for remotely communication with a personal digital device.

However, A.T. Cross teaches the Crosspad, which converts handwritten documents into electronic form. This Crosspad includes a conventional notepad combined with a unique pen and printed circuit board assembly (PCBA) for the notepad.

A.T. Cross also teaches "the pen includes a RF transmitter. The RF transmitter

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operates in conjunction with the PCBA for the pad to translate pen movement into electronic signals representing the user's writing motion" (Specification, page 2, lines 26-28).

It would have been obvious to the person of ordinary skill in the art to use the RF transmitter source in the pen of the Crosspad into the stylus pen of Moller to provide a more convenient stylus input device. Furthermore, the stylus pen includes the RF transmitter source for generating signal is well known in the art. The notepad is a personal digital device.

Claim 30.

A.T. Cross further teaches "A switch in the pen turns the transmitter on when the pen is in contact with the pad. The switch is activated as a result of the force exerted by the pad on the tip of the pen" (Page 2, lines 28-30).

Claim 31.

A.T. Cross teaches "The pen has an ink tip which can be used to make marks on the pad" (Page 2, lines 25-26). Furthermore, the ink supply positioned in the body of the pen is well known in the art.

Claim 32.

Since A.T. Cross teaches "A switch in the pen turns the transmitter on when the pen is in contact with the pad", it would have been obvious to the person of ordinary skill

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in the art to recognize that the transmitter of A.T. Cross is an electromechanical transmitter.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 26, 28-32 and 36 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

-Bartholow et al (5,600,348) disclose (Fig. 1) a stylus pen includes a photosensor (32), a switch (40) and the circuit board (30).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to LUU MATTHEW whose telephone number is (571) 272-7663. The examiner can normally be reached on Flexible Schedule.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, BELLA MATTHEW can be reached on (571) 272-7663. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

M. Luu

MATTHEW LUU
PRIMARY EXAMINER

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